Local Government Type: Local Government Name: County						1		
City Township Village	Other	City of Dearborn Heigh	ty of Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority					
Audit Date	Opinion D	Date	D	Date Accountant Report Submitted To State:				
June 30, 2004	October 1	•		ecember 9, 2004				
We have audited the financial statement with the Statements of the Government Counties and Local Units of Government We affirm that:	tal Accounti	ing Standards Board (GA	SB) and the <i>Ur</i>	niform Reporting F				
 We have complied with the <i>Bulletin</i> We are certified public accountants 			rnment in Michi	gan as revised.				
We further affirm the following. "Yes" re and recommendations.	sponses ha	ive been disclosed in the f	inancial statem	ents, including the	notes, or in t	:he re	port of comments	
yes	ent units/fur nulated defic nces of non- is violated th	elow: nds/agencies of the local cits in one or more of this of compliance with the Unifore conditions of either an of ergency Municipal Loan A	unit's unreserve orm Accounting order issued und	ed fund balances/re and Budgeting A	etained earni ct (P.A. 2 of	ngs (F 1968,	as amended).	
☐ yes ☑ no 5. The local unit ho [MCL 129.91] or ☐ yes ☑ no 6. The local unit ha ☐ yes ☑ no 7. The local unit ha	olds deposits r P.A. 55 of as been deli as violated th	s/investments which do na 1982, as amended [MCL inquent in distributing tax the Constitutional requirem	ot comply with s 38.1132]) revenues that v ent (Article 9, S	were collected for ection 24) to fund o	another taxir current year e	ng uni earned	it. d pension benefits	
normal cost requ yes ⊠ no 8. The local unit us	uirement, no ses credit ca	nt year. If the plan is more contributions are due (pards and has not adopted ted an investment policy a	aid during the y an applicable p	/ear). olicy as required b	oy P.A. 266 o	f 199		
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarde	ed	Not Required	
The letter of comments and recommend	dations.						\boxtimes	
Reports on individual federal assistance	e programs	(program audits).					\boxtimes	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).							\boxtimes	
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name	e): P	LANTE & MOF	RAN, PLI	_C				
Street Address			City		State	ZIP)	
27400 Northwestern Highway			Southfield		MI	480)34	
Accountant Signature								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2004



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Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors

Dearborn Heights Tax Increment
Finance Authority

Dearborn Heights, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the government-wide activities of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Tax Increment Finance Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the government-wide activities of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority as of June 30, 2004 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule (identified in the table of contents) are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 13, 2004



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority's (the "Authority") financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2004:

- Captured property tax revenue, the Authority's largest revenue source, increased less than I percent over the prior year.
- The Authority spent approximately \$2.4 million on the construction of the police and court facility.
- The Authority spent approximately \$645,000 on the construction of the John F. Kennedy Library.
- The largest taxpayer in the Authority's district, the Central Wayne County Sanitation Authority, has ceased operations and the operating partnership contracted by the Sanitation Authority filed bankruptcy during the current fiscal year. Even with this in mind, the Authority is still able to function and will be able to process the bonds that it has obtained for the Justice Center. Because of the above situation, the Authority has eliminated planned projects to improve the district. Future plans for the Sanitation Authority property are still in the planning stages.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Authority as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Authority's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The Fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Authority's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements, by providing information about the Authority's funds.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Authority as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

TABLE I

	2004	2003
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 6,194,094	\$ 10,516,897
Noncurrent assets	25,986,612	24,290,779
Total assets	32,180,706	34,807,676
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,528,602	2,177,205
Long-term liabilities	25,475,000	26,415,000
Total liabilities	27,003,602	28,592,205
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt	(428,388)	,
Unrestricted	5,605,492	6,248,131
Total net assets	\$ 5,177,104	\$ 6,215,471

The Authority's total net assets decreased over 2003 by approximately \$1 million, or 17 percent. The Authority had approximately \$702,000 spent toward library improvements, which were not budgeted for since these were paid out of the Capital Projects Fund. In addition, the new police and court facility was placed in service and the Authority had approximately \$505,000 in depreciation expense on this asset.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year and as compared to the prior year:

TABLE 2

	2004		 2003
Revenue			
Property taxes	\$	3,086,528	\$ 3,062,996
Interest and other		381,629	 569,138
Total revenue		3,468,157	3,632,134
Program Expenses			
Public safety		815,725	31,616
Public works		1,536,714	1,013,809
Community and economic development		69,114	127,371
Recreation and culture		706,796	194,643
Interest on long-term debt		1,378,175	 1,349,123
Total program expenses		4,506,524	 2,716,562
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	(1,038,367)	\$ 915,572

Total revenue for the Authority remained consistent with the prior year. Total expenses increased approximately \$1.8 million, or 66 percent. This is due to the expenditures related to the library improvements and depreciation on the new police and court facility.

The Authority's Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the funds of the Authority, not the Authority as a whole. The Board of Directors creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as bond proceeds. The Authority's funds for 2004 include the Operating Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

Operating Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Operating Fund of the Authority accounts for all of the annual projects as planned by the Board of Directors. The Operating Fund spent approximately \$3.3 million in the current year, which was approximately \$959,000 more than budgeted. This is due primarily to expenditures that the Authority did not specifically budget for, including interest expense and transfers out.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The Authority spent approximately \$2.4 million on the construction of the police and court facility. As of June 30, 2004, the Authority had completed the construction of this facility and the facility was placed in service. In addition, the Authority paid approximately \$1.3 million in interest on outstanding bonds in the current year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the current year, the Central Wayne County Sanitation Authority ceased operations. The Sanitation Authority accounts for approximately 20.4 percent of the Authority's captured tax base.

Contacting the Authority's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority's finances and to show the Tax Increment Finance Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the City of Dearborn Heights' finance office at 6045 Fenton, Dearborn Heights, MI 48127.



Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	 Operating Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total	Adjustments (Note 3)	S	vernment-wide statement of Net Assets
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$ 3,753,251	\$	1,147,591	\$	67,939	\$	4,968,781		\$	4,968,781
Due from other funds	172,737		-		-		172,737	(172,737)		-
Due from the City	1,074,589		-		130,200		1,204,789	-		1,204,789
Due from other governmental units	20,524		-		-		20,524	-		20,524
Capital assets not being depreciated (Note 5)	-		-		-		-	2,767,640		2,767,640
Capital assets being depreciated (Note 5)	 	-		_				23,218,972		23,218,972
Total assets	\$ 5,021,101	<u>\$</u>	1,147,591	\$	198,139	<u>\$</u>	6,366,831	25,813,875		32,180,706
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	250,924	\$	-	\$	250,924	-		250,924
Accrued liabilities	-		-		-		-	333,680		333,680
Due to other funds	-		-		172,737		172,737	(172,737)		-
Due to the City	3,998		-		-		3,998	-		3,998
Long-term debt (Note 7):										
Due within one year	-		-		-		-	940,000		940,000
Due in more than one year	 	_		_		_		25,475,000		25,475,000
Total liabilities	3,998		250,924		172,737		427,659	26,575,943		27,003,602
Net Assets										
Fund balances - Unreserved										
Designated for:										
Capital projects (Note 8)	3,486,523		896,667		-		4,383,190	(4,383,190)		
Debt service	_		-		25,402		25,402	(25,402)		
Undesignated	 1,530,580	_		_	-	_	1,530,580	(1,530,580)		
Total fund balances	 5,017,103		896,667	_	25,402		5,939,172	(5,939,172)		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 5,021,101	<u>\$</u>	1,147,591	\$	198,139	<u>\$</u>	6,366,831			
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt								(428,388)		(428,388)
Unrestricted								5,605,492		5,605,492
Total net assets								\$ 5,177,104	\$	5,177,104



Statement of Governmental Funds Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Operating Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments (Note 3)	Government- wide Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Property taxes Interest and other	\$ 3,086,528 66,379	\$ - 41,710	\$ - <u>273,540</u>	\$ 3,086,528 381,629	\$ - -	\$ 3,086,528 381,629
Total revenues	3,152,907	41,710	273,540	3,468,157	-	3,468,157
Expenditures/Expenses						
Public works:						
Administration	173,286	-	-	173,286	-	173,286
Van Born and Inkster Roads water main						
replacement	618,833	-	-	618,833	-	618,833
Tree trimming	42,870	-	-	42,870	-	42,870
Storm sewer cleaning and lining	489,442	-	-	489,442	-	489,442
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	200,000	200,000
Catch basin repairs	10,378	-	-	10,378	-	10,378
Right/Way maintenance and repair	1,905	_	-	1,905	-	1,905
Public safety:						
Crime prevention officer	30,000	_	-	30,000	-	30,000
Fire station improvements	280,597	_	-	280,597	-	280,597
Depreciation .	-	_	-	-	505,128	505,128
Recreation and culture:						
Library improvements	57,016	645,079	-	702,095	-	702,095
Daly Park improvements	4,701	_	-	4,701	-	4,701
Community and Economic Development:						
Westwood School improvements	65,205	-	-	65,205	-	65,205
Industrial Park improvements	3,909	-	-	3,909	-	3,909
Capital outlay - Police building Debt service:	-	2,400,961	-	2,400,961	(2,400,961)	-
Principal	_	_	585,000	585,000	(585,000)	
Interest	1,013,300	<u>-</u>	304,541	1,317,841	60,334	1,378,175
Total expenditures/expenses	2,791,442	3,046,040	889,541	6,727,023	(2,220,499)	4,506,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	361,465	(3,004,330)	(616,001)	(3,258,866)	2,220,499	(1,038,367)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	154,921	_	615,725	770,646	_	770,646
Transfers out	(615,725)	(154,921)	<u>-</u>	(770,646)		(770,646)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(460,804)	(154,921)	615,725			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(99,339)	(3,159,251)	(276)	(3,258,866)	2,220,499	(1,038,367)
Fund Balances/Net Assets - July 1, 2003	5,116,442	4,055,918	25,678	9,198,038	(2,982,567)	6,215,471
Fund Balances/Net Assets - June 30, 2004	\$ 5,017,103	\$ 896,667	\$ 25,402	\$ 5,939,172	\$ (762,068)	\$ 5,177,104



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority (the "Authority") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used:

Reporting Entity

The Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority is a component unit of the City of Dearborn Heights, Michigan and is included in the general purpose financial statements of the City of Dearborn Heights, Michigan. The Authority was formed under Act 450 of the Public Acts of 1980 to develop south Dearborn Heights. A development plan was adopted that is financed by property tax revenue. The accompanying financial statements present the Authority.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the Authority. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

Operating Fund - The Operating Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction of the police and court facility along with contributions toward the construction of the John F. Kennedy Library.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all debt payments made on the outstanding debt balances of the Authority.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Building and improvements and roads are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements 5-50 years Roads 25 years

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted for the Operating Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that operating transfers have been included in "revenue" and "expenditure" categories, rather than "other financing sources (uses)."

Any amounts exceeding the budget must be approved by Authority's Board through a budget amendment. The City Council also approves all budget amendments. During the current year, there were no significant budget amendments.

The budget process begins in December and January with the comptroller's office budgeting the personnel and fringe benefits expense for all City employees and providing the Authority with a budget form to be completed by the Authority's Board. These forms are due back to the comptroller's office by late January. The comptroller's office then analyzes these amounts and calculates the total budget.

In February, the mayor's office schedules meetings with all major departments, including the Authority's Board, to review their proposed budget, and the budget is adjusted accordingly.

In late February and early March, the comptroller's office reviews the budget to verify that it balances. At this time, the mayor's office reschedules all major departments to do a final review of the departmental budgets. After the final review, the comptroller's office organizes the final proposed budget to deliver to the Authority's Board and to the City Council. The City Charter requires that the City Council receive the proposed budget by April I.



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

During April and May, the City Council reviews the budget with the Authority. City Council meetings, held in April and May, provide all interested citizens an open forum where they can be heard. Upon review, and a subsequent public hearing, the Council adopts the proposed budget by resolution.

The budget must be adopted by the Council by the first Monday in June. After the budget has been adopted, all budget amendments must be approved by the Council.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the current year, the Authority incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	 Budget	Actual
Administration	\$ 22,678	\$ 173,286
Catch basin repairs	-	10,378
Right/way maintenance and repair	-	1,905
Fire station improvements	202,923	280,597
Interest	-	1,013,300
Transfers out	-	615,725

The negative variance for administration expenditures was caused by the corporate fund of the City of Dearborn Heights charging the Authority for personnel used on the Authority's behalf. The negative variance for fire station improvements was caused by additional roof expenditures that were not budgeted for. A budget was not adopted for the catch basin repairs, right/way maintenance and repairs, interest expense, or transfers out in the current year, thus resulting in negative variances.

Note 3 - Adjustments

Total fund balances and the net change in fund balances of the Authority's governmental funds differ from net assets and change in net assets of the governmental activities reported in the statement of net assets and statement of activities. This difference results primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets and statement of activities versus the economic focus of the statement of the governmental fund balance sheet.



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2004

Note 3 - Adjustments (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of fund balance to net assets and the net change in fund balance to the net change in net assets:

Total Fund Balance - Modified Accrual Basis	\$	5,939,172
Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds		25,986,612
Long-term liabilities and accrued interest are not due and payable in the		
current period and are not reported in the funds		(26,748,680)
Total Net Assets - Full Accrual Basis	\$	5,177,104
Total Change in Fund Balance - Modified Accrual Basis	\$	(3,258,866)
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; in the statement of		
activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation:		2 400 07 1
Capital outlay		2,400,961
Depreciation		(705,128)
Governmental funds report interest expense based on amounts paid in cash		
during the fiscal year; on the statement of activities, interest expense is		
expensed based upon accrued expense		(60,334)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is not		
reported as an expense in the statement of activities (where it reduces debt)	_	585,000
Total Change in Net Assets - Full Accrual Basis	\$	(1,038,367)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Authority is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The governing body has designated one bank for the deposit of Authority funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2004

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Dearborn Heights Tax Increment Finance Authority deposits and investment policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. The entire balance relates to bank deposits (checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit).

The bank balance of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents is \$4,868,355, of which approximately \$486,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The Authority believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Authority evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Authority's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance		Disposals and	Balance
	July 1, 2003	Additions	Adjustments	June 30, 2004
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,767,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,767,640
Construction in progress	18,323,139	2,400,961	20,724,100	
Subtotal	21,090,779	2,400,961	20,724,100	2,767,640
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	-	20,724,100	-	20,724,100
Roads	5,000,000			5,000,000
Subtotal	5,000,000	20,724,100	-	25,724,100
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	-	505,128	-	505,128
Roads	1,800,000	200,000		2,000,000
Subtotal	1,800,000	705,128		2,505,128
Net capital assets being depreciated	3,200,000	20,018,972		23,218,972
Net capital assets	\$ 24,290,779	\$ 22,419,933	\$ 20,724,100	\$ 25,986,612

Depreciation expense was charged to the public works and public safety programs as it relates to roads, sidewalks, and the police and court facility.



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The Debt Service Fund owed the Operating Fund \$172,737 at June 30, 2004. In addition, the Operating Fund transferred \$615,725 to the Debt Service Fund to cover current year principal and interest expense payments. The Capital Projects Fund transferred \$154,921 to the Operating Fund to reimbursement for library improvement expenses paid by the Operating Fund in prior years.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

				Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
	Matures	Interest Rate		Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance	C	ne Year
Governmental Activities												
General obligation bonds:												
Limited Tax Development Bonds	2009	5.70%-6.30%	\$	2,950,000	\$	-	\$	450,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	450,000
Limited Tax Development Bonds	2019	4.75%-5.00%		3,050,000		-		135,000		2,915,000		140,000
Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2001-A	2031	4.25%-5.00%	_	21,000,000	_	-	_	-		21,000,000	_	350,000
Total general obligations			\$	27,000,000	\$		\$	585,000	\$	26,415,000	\$	940,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
		Principal	Interest			Total		
2005	\$	940,000	\$	1,276,985	\$	2,216,985		
2006		1,020,000		1,227,547		2,247,547		
2007		1,050,000		1,173,760		2,223,760		
2008		1,110,000		1,117,086		2,227,086		
2009-2013		3,955,000		4,923,389		8,878,389		
2014-2018		4,525,000		3,997,817		8,522,817		
2019-2023		4,540,000		2,920,266		7,460,266		
2024-2028		5,300,000		1,676,250		6,976,250		
2029-2033		3,975,000	_	306,875		4,281,875		
Total	\$	26,415,000	\$	18,619,975	\$	45,034,975		



Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004

Note 8 - Designated Fund Balance

The designations of fund balance are as follows:

Water main improvements	\$ 69,089
Curb drops	5,000
Sidewalks	125,000
Gulley Road improvements	400,000
Westwood capital	85,255
Daly park improvements	45,577
Industrial park improvements	488,919
Police and court building	1,840,384
Sanitary sewer lining	16,360
Manhole/Catch basin	139,622
Right of ways	23,141
Library improvements	 248,176
Total fund balance	\$ 3,486,523

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Loss of Major Taxpayer

During the current year, the partnership under contract to operate the Central Wayne County Sanitation Authority ceased operations and has declared bankruptcy. The taxable value of the assets owned by the partnership is captured in its entirety by the Tax Increment Finance Authority, where it accounts for 20.4 percent of the Tax Increment Finance Authority's captured taxable value.

In addition, the incinerator run by the partnership is currently before the Michigan Tax Tribunal arguing that their taxes assessed as of July I, 2004 based on a December 2003 valuation (to be recognized as revenue for the 2005 fiscal year) are not correct. They are arguing that the valuation was prepared under the income method and since the partnership is not in operation, the valuation should be minimal compared to the calculated amount. The levied taxes under the income method are approximately \$350,000. It is anticipated that the incinerator will be razed and the assets related to the current captured taxable value will no longer exist.



Required Supplemental Information



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Operating Fund Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		Variance With Amended Budget	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$	5,116,442	\$	5,116,442	\$	5,116,442	\$	_
Resources (inflows):								
Property taxes		6,705,297		6,705,297		3,086,528		(3,618,769)
Interest and other		-		-		66,379		66,379
Transfers in	_					154,921		154,921
Total resources (inflows)		6,705,297		6,705,297		3,307,828		(3,397,469)
Charges to appropriations (outflows): Public works:								
Administration		22,678		22,678		173,286		(150,608)
Van Born and Inkster Roads water main		22,070		22,070		173,200		(130,000)
replacement		687,921		687,921		618,833		69,088
Beech Daly Road water main extension		-		-		-		-
Tree trimming		47,910		47,910		42,870		5,040
Storm sewer cleaning and lining		505,802		505,802		489,442		16,360
Catch basin repairs		-		-		10,378		(10,378)
Right/way maintenance and repair		_		_		1,905		(1,905)
Public safety:								, ,
Crime prevention officer		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
Fire station improvements		202,923		202,923		280,597		(77,674)
Recreation and culture:								
Library improvements		250,000		250,000		57,016		192,984
Daly Park improvements		50,278		50,278		4,701		45,577
Community and Economic Development:								
Westwood School improvements		150,460		150,460		65,205		85,255
Industrial Park improvements		492,828		492,828		3,909		488,919
Debt service - Interest		-		-		1,013,300		(1,013,300)
Transfers out		-		-	_	615,725		(615,725)
Total charges to appropriations								
(outflows)		2,440,800		2,440,800	_	3,407,167		(966,367)
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	9,380,939	\$	9,380,939	\$	5,017,103	\$	(4,363,836)

